

ICM7218

8-Digit LED Microprocessor-Compatible Multiplexed Display Decoder Driver

FN3159 Rev 4.00 May 17, 2016

The ICM7218 series of universal LED driver systems provide, in a single package, all the circuitry necessary to interface most common microprocessors or digital systems to an LED display. Included on-chip are an 8-byte static display memory, two types of 7-segment decoders, multiplex scan circuitry, and high current digit and segment drivers for either common cathode or common anode displays.

The ICM7218A and 1CM7218B feature two control lines (WRITE and MODE) which write either 4 bits of control information (DATA COMING, SHUTDOWN, DECODE and HEXA/CODE B) or 8 bits of display input data. Display data is automatically sequenced into the 8-byte internal memory on successive positive going WRITE pulses. Data may be displayed either directly or decoded in Hexadecimal or Code B formats.

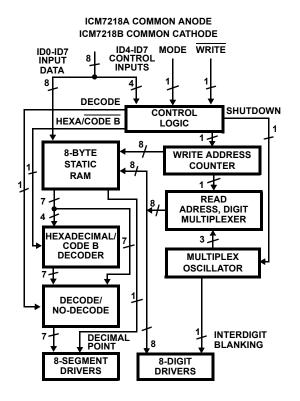
The ICM7218C and ICM7218D feature two control lines (WRITE and HEXA/CODE B/SHUTDOWN), 4 separate display data input lines, and 3 digit address lines. Display data is written into the internal memory by setting up a digit address and strobing the WRITE line low. Only Hexadecimal and Code B formats are available for display outputs.

Features

- · Microprocessor compatible
- Total circuit integration on-chip includes:
 - Digit and segment drivers
 - All multiplex scan circuitry
 - 8-Byte static display memory
 - 7-Segment Hexadecimal and Code B decoders
- · Output drive suitable for LED displays directly
- · Common anode and common cathode versions
- · Single 5V supply required
- Data retention to 2V Supply
- Shutdown feature turns off display and puts chip into low power dissipation mode
- Sequential and random access versions
- · Decimal point drive on each digit

Related Literature

 Technical Brief <u>TB363</u>, "Guidelines for Handling and Processing Moisture Sensitive Surface Mount Devices (SMDs)"



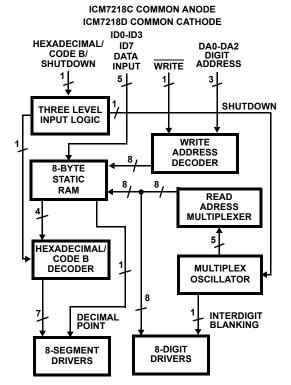


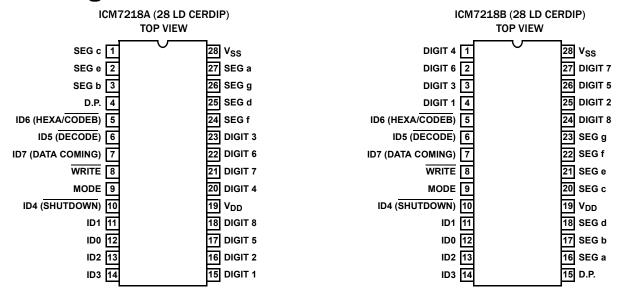
FIGURE 1. FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAMS

Ordering Information

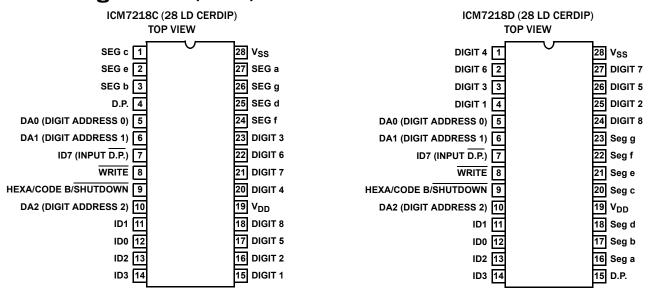
PART NUMBER	PART MARKING	DISPLAY TYPE	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG. DWG.#
ICM7218AIJI	ICM7218AIJI	Common Anode	-40 to +85	28 Ld CERDIP	F28.6
ICM7218AIJIR5254 (Note)	ICM7218AIJI R5254	Common Anode	-40 to +85	28 Ld CERDIP	F28.6
ICM7218BIJI	ICM7218BIJI	Common Cathode	-40 to +85	28 Ld CERDIP	F28.6
ICM7218BIJIR5254 (Note)	ICM7218BIJI R5254	Common Cathode	-40 to +85	28 Ld CERDIP	F28.6
ICM7218CIJI	ICM7218CIJI	Common Anode	-40 to +85	28 Ld CERDIP	F28.6
ICM7218CIJIR5254 (Note)	ICM7218CIJI R5254	Common Anode	-40 to +85	28 Ld CERDIP	F28.6
ICM7218DIJI	ICM7218DIJI	Common Cathode	-40 to +85	28 Ld CERDIP	F28.6
ICM7218DIJIR5254 (Note) (No longer available, recommended replacement: ICM7218DIJI)	ICM7218DIJI R5254	Common Cathode	-40 to +85	28 Ld CERDIP	F28.6

NOTE: These Intersil Pb-free hermetic packaged products employ a 100% matte tin plate plus anneal (e3) termination finish, which is RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Ceramic dual in-line packaged products (CerDIPs) do contain lead (Pb) in the seal glass and die attach glass materials. However, lead in the glass materials of electronic components are currently exempted per the RoHS directive. Therefore, ceramic dual inline packages with Pb-free termination finish are considered to be RoHS compliant.

Pin Configurations



Pin Configurations (Continued)



Pin Descriptions

INP	UT	TERM	MINAL	LOGIC LEVEL	FUNCTION
ICM7218A AND I	CM7218B		·		
		ICM7218A	ICM7218B		
WRITE		8	8	High	Input Not Loaded
				Low	Input Loaded
MODE		9	9	High	Load Control Bits on Write Pulse
				Low	Load Input Data on Write Pulse
ID4 (SHUTDOWN)	10	10	High	Normal Operation
MODE High				Low	Shutdown (Oscillator, Decoder and Display Disabled)
ID5 (DECODE)		6	6	High	No Decode
				Low	Decode
ID6 (HEXA/CODE	ID6 (HEXA/CODE B)		5	High	Hexadecimal Decoding
				Low	Code B Decoding
ID7 (DATA COMIN	IG)	7	7	High	Data Coming No Data Coming Control Word
				Low	No Data Coming
ID0-ID7	MODE Low	12, 11, 13, 14, 10, 6, 5, 7	12, 11, 13, 14, 10, 6, 5, 7		Display Data Inputs (Notes 2, 3)
DIGIT1 - DIGIT8	·	15, 16, 23, 20, 17, 22, 21, 18	4, 25, 3, 1, 26, 2, 27, 24		Digit Driver Outputs for COM pin of 7 Segment
SEG a, SEG b, SEG c, SEG d, SE SEG f, SEG g, D.P	,	27, 3, 1, 25, 2, 24, 26, 4	16, 17, 20, 18, 21, 22, 23, 15		Segment Driver Outputs for individual LED pins of 7 Segment
V _{DD}		19	19		Power Supply +5V
V _{SS}		28	28		Supply Ground
ICM7218C AND I	CM7218D	,			
		ICM7218C	ICM7218D		
WRITE		8	8	High	Input Not Loaded into Memory
				Low	Input Loaded into Memory

Pin Descriptions (Continued)

INPUT	TERM	MINAL	LOGIC LEVEL	FUNCTION
HEXA/CODE B/ SHUTDOWN	9 (<u>Note 1</u>)	9 (<u>Note 1</u>)	High	Hexadecimal Decoding
			Floating	Code B Decoding
			Low	Shutdown (Oscillator, Decoder and Display Disabled)
DA0 - DA2	10, 6, 5	10, 6, 5		Digit Address Inputs
ID0 - ID3	14, 13, 11, 12	14, 13, 11, 12		Display Data Inputs
ID7 (INPUT D.P.)	7	7		Decimal Point Input
DIGIT1 - DIGIT8	15, 16, 23, 20, 17, 22, 21, 18	4, 25, 3, 1, 26, 2, 27, 24		Digit Driver Outputs for COM pin of 7 Segment
SEG a, SEG b, SEG c, SEG d, SEG e, SEG f, SEG g, D.P. (Digit Point)	27, 3, 1, 25, 2, 24, 26, 4	16, 17, 20, 18, 21, 22, 23, 15		Segment Driver Outputs for individual LED pins of 7 Segment
V_{DD}	19	19		Power Supply +5V
V _{SS}	28	28		Supply Ground

NOTES:

- In the ICM7218C and D (random access versions) the HEXA/CODE B/SHUTDOWN input (Pin 9) has internal biasing resistors to hold it at V_{DD}/2 when Pin 9 is open-circuited. These resistors consume power and result in a quiescent supply current (I_Q) of typically 50μA. The ICM7218A and B devices do not have these biasing resistors and thus are not subject to this condition.
- 2. IDO-ID3 = Don't Care when writing control data.
 - ID4-ID6 = Don't Care when writing Hex/Code B data.
 - ID7 = Decimal Point data.
 - (The display blanks on ICM7218A/B versions when writing in data).
- 3. In the No Decode format, "Ones" represents "on" segments for all inputs except for the Decimal Point, where "Zero" represents an "on" segment (i.e., segments are positive true, decimal point is negative true).
- 4. Common Anode segment drivers and Common Cathode Digit drivers have $20k\Omega$ pull-up resistors.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage (VDD to VSS) 6V Digit Output Current 300mA Segment Output Current 50mA Input Voltage (Any Terminal) (Note 5) VSS -0.3V to VDD + 0.3V

Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Notes 6, 7)	θ_{JA} (°C/W)	θ _{JC} (°C/W)
CERDIP Package	55	14
Maximum Storage Temperature Range	6	65°C to +150°C
Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 10s)		+300°C

Operating Conditions

Temperature Range-40 °C to +85 °C

CAUTION: Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions may adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

NOTES:

- 5. Due to the SCR structure inherent in the CMOS process used to fabricate these devices, connecting any terminal to a voltage greater than V_{DD} or less than V_{SS} may cause destructive device latch-up. For this reason it is recommended that no inputs from sources operating on a different power supply be applied to the device before its own supply is established, and when using multiple supply systems the supply to the ICM7218 should be turned on first.
- 6. θ_{JA} is measured with the component mounted on a low effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief TB379 for details.
- 7. For $\theta_{\mbox{JC}}$, the "case temp" location is the center of the ceramic on the package underside.

Electrical Specifications $V_{DD} = 5V$, $V_{SS} = 0V$, $T_A = +25$ °C, display diode drop = 1.7V

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{SUPPLY}	Supply Voltage Range	Operating	4	-	6	V
		Power Down Mode	2	-	6	V
IQ	Quiescent Supply Current	Shutdown (Note 1)	6	10	300	μΑ
I _{DD}	Operating Supply Current - Outputs Open	Common Anode SEGS On (Note 4)	-	-	2.5	mA
	Circuit	Common Anode SEGS Off (Note 4)	-	-	500	μΑ
		Common Cathode SEGS On (Note 4)	-	-	700	μΑ
		Common Cathode SEGS Off (Note 4)	-	-	500	μΑ
I _{DIG}	Digit Drive Current	Common Anode V _{OUT} = V _{DD} -2.0V	140	200	-	mA
		Common Cathode V _{OUT} = V _{SS} +1.0V	50	100	-	m/
I _{DLK}	Digit Leakage Current - Shutdown Mode	Common Anode V _{OUT} = 2V	-	-	100	μΑ
		Common Cathode V _{OUT} = 5V	-	-	100	μΑ
I _{SEG} Peak Segment Drive Current		eak Segment Drive Current Common Anode V _{OUT} = V _{SS} +1.0V		40	-	m/
		Common Anode V _{OUT} = V _{DD} -2.0V	-10	-20	-	m/
I _{SLK}	Segment Leakage Current - Shutdown	Common Anode V _{OUT} = V _{DD}	-	-	100	μΑ
	Mode	Common Cathode V _{OUT} = V _{SS}	-	-	100	μΑ
f _{MUX}	Display Scan Rate	Per Digit	-	250	-	Hz
V _{IH}	Three Level Input (Pin 9 ICM7218C/D)					
	Logical "1" Input Voltage	Hexadecimal	4.5	-	-	V
V _{IF}	Floating Input	Code B	2.0	-	3.0	V
V _{IL}	Logical "0" Input Voltage	Shutdown	-	-	0.4	V
Z _{IN}	Three Level Input Impedance	(Note 1)	-	100	-	kΩ
V _{IH}	Logical "1" Input Voltage		3.5	-	-	V
V_{IL}	Logical "0" Input Voltage		-	-	0.8	V
t _{WL}	Write Pulse Width (Low)	7218A, 7218B	550	400	-	ns
		7218C, 7218D	400	250	-	ns
t _{MH}	Mode Hold Time	7218A, 7218B	150	-	-	ns



Electrical Specifications $V_{DD} = 5V$, $V_{SS} = 0V$, $T_A = +25$ °C, display diode drop = 1.7V (Continued)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{MS}	Mode Set-Up Time	7218A, 7218B	500	-	-	ns
t _{DS}	Data Set-Up Time		500	-	-	ns
t _{DH}	Data Hold Time	7218A, 7218B	50	-	-	ns
		7218C, 7218D	125	-	-	ns
t _{AS}	Digital Address Set-Up Time	7218C, 7218D	500	-	-	ns
t _{AH}	Digital Address Hold Time	7218C, 7218D	0	-	-	ns
Z _{IN}	Data Input Impedance	5-10pF gate capacitance	-	10 ¹⁰	-	Ω

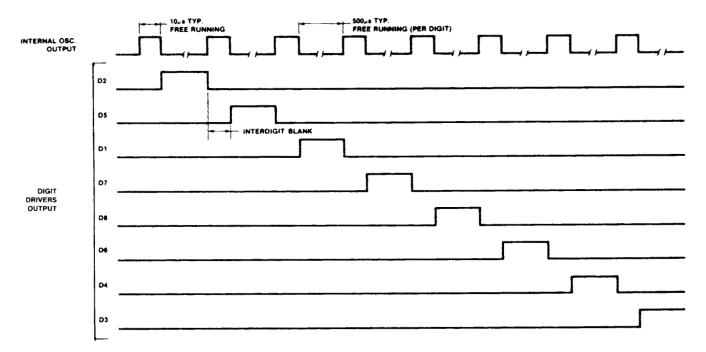


FIGURE 2. MULTIPLEX TIMING (COMMON CATHODE VERSION)

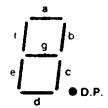


FIGURE 3. SEGMENT ASSIGNMENTS

Detailed Description

DECODE Operation

For the ICM7218A/B products, there are 3 input data formats possible; either direct segment and decimal point information (8 bits per digit) or two Binary formats plus decimal point information (Hexadecimal/Code B formats with 5 bits per digit).

The 7-segment decoder on chip is disabled when direct segment information is to be written. In this format, the inputs directly control the outputs as follows:

TABLE 1.

Input Data:	ID7	ID6	ID5	ID4	ID3	ID2	ID1	ID0
Output Segments:	D.P.	а	b	С	е	g	f	d

Here, "Ones" represent "on" segments for all inputs except the Decimal Point. For the Decimal Point "zero" represents an "on" segment.

HEXAdecimal/CODE B Decoding

For all products, a choice of either HEXA or Code B decoding may be made. HEXA decoding provides 7-segment numeric plus six alpha characters while Code B provides a negative sign (-), a blank (for leading zero blanking), certain useful alpha characters and all numeric formats.

The four bit binary code is set up on inputs ID3-ID0, and decimal point data is set up on ID7.

TABLE 2.

DECIMAL	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
HEXA CODE	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	Ε	F
CODE B	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	-	Ε	Н	L	Р	(BLANK)

SHUTDOWN

 $\overline{SHUTDOWN}$ performs several functions: it puts the device into a very low dissipation mode (typically $10\mu A$ at V_{DD} = 5V), turns off both the digit and segment drivers, and stops the multiplex scan oscillator (this is the only way the scan oscillator can be disabled). However, it is still possible to input data to the memory during shutdown - only the display output sections of the device are disabled in this mode.

Powerdown

In the Shutdown mode, the supply voltage may be reduced to 2V without data in memory being lost. However, data should not be written into memory if the supply voltage is less than 4V.

Output Drive

The common anode output drive is approximately 200mA per digit at a 12% duty cycle. With segment peak drive current of 40mA typically, this results in 5mA average drive. The common cathode drive capability is approximately one-half that of the common anode drive. If high impedance LED displays are used, the drive current will be correspondingly less.

Inter Digit Blanking

A blanking time of approximately 10µs occurs between digit strobes. This ensures that the segment information is correct before the next digit drive, thereby avoiding display ghosting.

Driving Larger Displays

If a higher average drive current per digit is required, it is possible to connect digit drive outputs together. For example, by paralleling pairs of digit drivers together to drive a 4 digit display, 5mA average segment drive current can be obtained.

Power Dissipation Considerations

Assuming common anode drive at $V_{DD} = 5V$ and all digits on with an average of 5 segments driven per digit, the average current would be approximately 200mA. Assuming a 1.8V drop across the LED display, there will be a 3.2V drop across the ICM7218. The device power dissipation will therefore be 640mW, rising to about 900mW, for all '8' 's displayed. Caution: Position device in system such that air can flow freely to provide maximum cooling. The common cathode dissipation is approximately one-half that of the common anode dissipation.

Sequential Addressing Considerations (ICM7218A/B)

The control instructions are read from the input bus lines if MODE is high and \overline{WRITE} low. The instructions occur on 4 lines and are -\overline{DECODE}/no Decode, type of Decode (if desired), SHUTDOWN/no Shutdown and DATA COMING/not Coming. After the control word has been written (with the Data Coming instruction), display data can be written into memory with each successive negative going \overline{WRITE} pulse. After all 8-digit memory locations have been written to, additional transitions of the \overline{WRITE} input are ignored until a new control word is written. It is not possible to change one individual digit without refreshing the data for all the other digits.

Random Access Input Drive Considerations (ICM7218C/D)

Control instructions are provided to the ICM7218C/D by a single three level input terminal (Pin 9), which operates independently of the $\overline{\text{WRITE}}$ pulse.

Data can be written into memory on the ICM7218C/D by setting up a 3 bit binary code (one of eight) on the digit address inputs and applying a low level to the $\overline{\text{WRITE}}$ pin. For example, it is possible to change only digit 7 without altering the data for the other digits (See Figure 6 on page 8).

Supply Capacitor

A 0.1µF plus a 47µF capacitor is recommended between $V_{\mbox{DD}}$ and $V_{\mbox{SS}}$ to bypass display multiplexed noise.



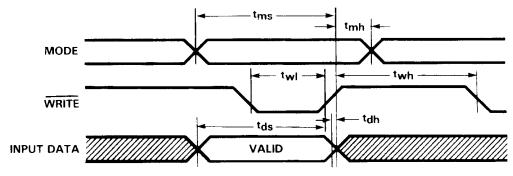


FIGURE 4. TIMING DIAGRAM FOR ICM7218A/B

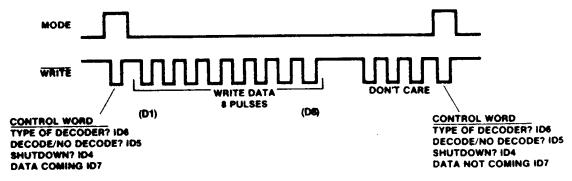


FIGURE 5. LOAD SEQUENCE ICM7218A/B

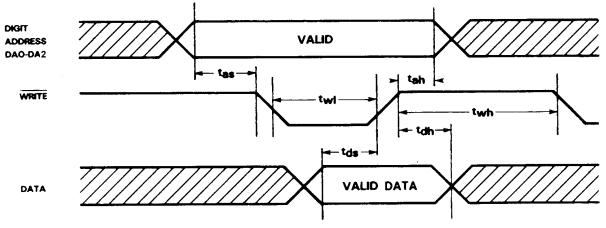


FIGURE 6. TIMING DIAGRAM FOR ICM7218C/D

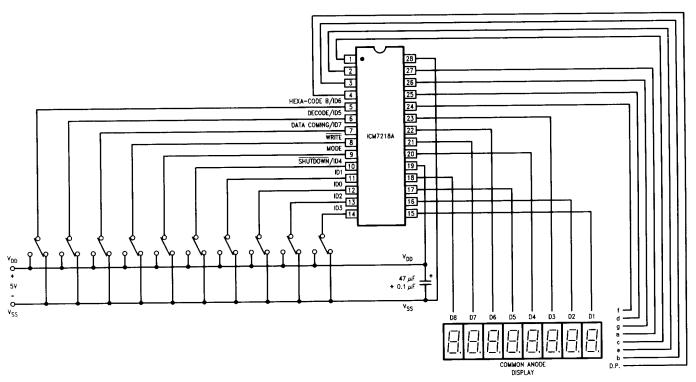


FIGURE 7. COMMON ANODE DISPLAY FUNCTIONAL TEST CIRCUIT

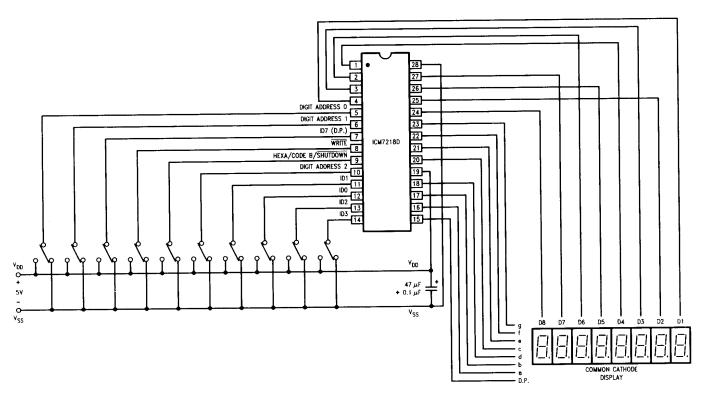
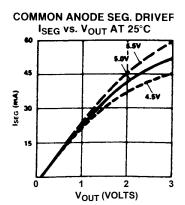
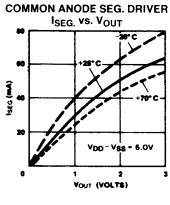
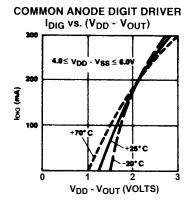


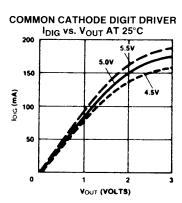
FIGURE 8. COMMON CATHODE DISPLAY FUNCTIONAL TEST CIRCUIT

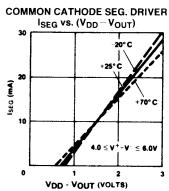
Typical Performance Characteristics

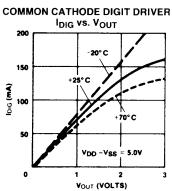












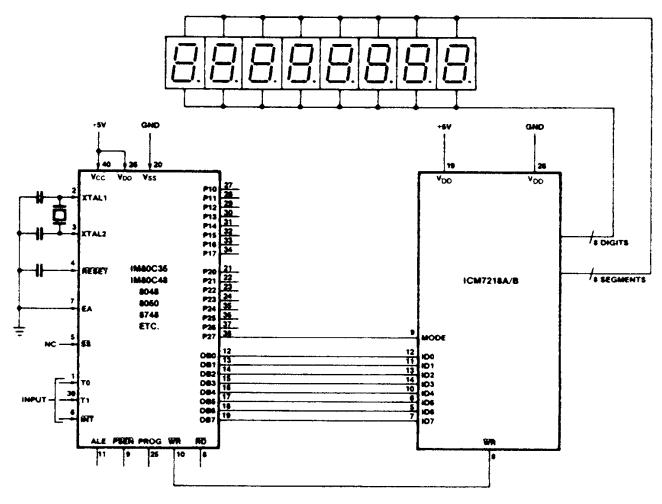


FIGURE 9. 8-DIGIT MICROPROCESSOR DISPLAY

Application Examples

8-Digit Microprocessor Display Application

Figure 9 shows a display interface using the ICM7218A/B with an 8048 family microcontroller. The 8 bit data bus (DB0/DB7-ID0/ID7) transfers control and data information to the ICM7218 display interface on successive WRITE pulses. The MODE input to the 7218 is connected to one of the I/O port pins on the microcontroller. When MODE is high, a control word is transferred. When MODE is low, data is transtered. Sequential locations in the 8-byte static memory are automatically loaded on each successive WRITE pulse. After eight WRITE pulses have occurred, further pulses are ignored until a new control word is transferred (See Figure 5 on page 8). This also allows writing to other peripheral devices without disturbing the ICM7218A/B.

16-Digit Microprocessor Display

In this application (see Figure 10 on page 12), both ICM7218s are addressed simultaneously with a 3 bit word, DA2-DA0. Display data from the 8048 I/O bus (DB7-D80) is transferred to both ICM7218s simultaneously.

The display digits from both ICM7218s are interleaved to allow adjacent pairs of digits to be loaded simultaneously from a single 8 bit data bus.

Decimal point information is supplied to the ICM7218s from the processor on port lines P26 and P27.

No Decode Application

The ICM7218 can also be used as a microprocessor based LED status panel driver. The microprocessor selected control word must include "No Decode" and "Data Coming". The processor writes "Ones" and "Zeroes" into the ICM7218 which in turn directly drives appropriate discrete LEDs. LED indicators can be red or green (8 segments x 8 digits = 64 dots/2 per red or green = 32 channels).

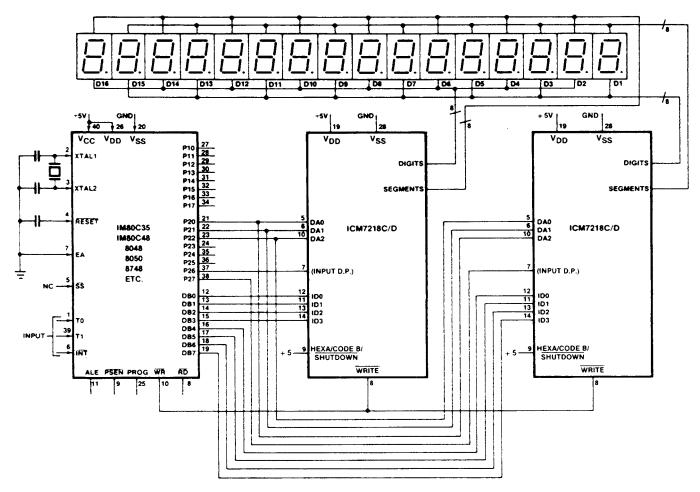


FIGURE 10. 16-DIGIT DISPLAY

RENESAS

Revision History The revision history provided is for informational purposes only and is believed to be accurate, but not warranted. Please go to the web to make sure that you have the latest revision.

DATE	REVISION	CHANGE
May 17, 2016	FN3159.4	Applied Intersil standards throughout datasheet. Updated Note in the Ordering information table. Updated Pin Configuration names on bottom two pin configurations. Updated Pin Descriptions table on page 3. Added Note 7 on page 5.
September 15, 2015	FN3159.3	Updated Ordering Information Table on page 2. Added Revision History and About Intersil sections.

About Intersil

Intersil Corporation is a leading provider of innovative power management and precision analog solutions. The company's products address some of the largest markets within the industrial and infrastructure, mobile computing and high-end consumer markets.

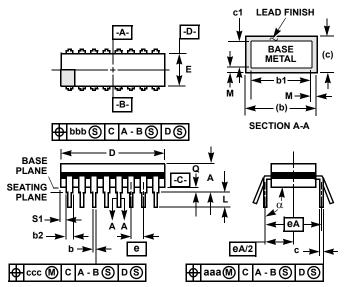
For the most updated datasheet, application notes, related documentation and related parts, please see the respective product information page found at www.intersil.com.

You may report errors or suggestions for improving this datasheet by visiting www.intersil.com/ask.

Reliability reports are also available from our website at www.intersil.com/support



Ceramic Dual-In-Line Frit Seal Packages (CERDIP)



NOTES:

- Index area: A notch or a pin one identification mark shall be located adjacent to pin one and shall be located within the shaded area shown. The manufacturer's identification shall not be used as a pin one identification mark.
- The maximum limits of lead dimensions b and c or M shall be measured at the centroid of the finished lead surfaces, when solder dip or tin plate lead finish is applied.
- Dimensions b1 and c1 apply to lead base metal only. Dimension M applies to lead plating and finish thickness.
- Corner leads (1, N, N/2, and N/2+1) may be configured with a partial lead paddle. For this configuration dimension b3 replaces dimension b2.
- 5. This dimension allows for off-center lid, meniscus, and glass
- Dimension Q shall be measured from the seating plane to the base plane.
- 7. Measure dimension S1 at all four corners.
- 8. N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
- 9. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M 1982.
- 10. Controlling dimension: INCH.

F28.6 MIL-STD-1835 GDIP1-T28 (D-10, CONFIGURATION A) 28 LEAD CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE FRIT SEAL PACKAGE

	INC	HES	MILLIM		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
Α	-	0.232	-	5.92	-
b	0.014	0.026	0.36	0.66	2
b1	0.014	0.023	0.36	0.58	3
b2	0.045	0.065	1.14	1.65	-
b3	0.023	0.045	0.58	1.14	4
С	0.008	0.018	0.20	0.46	2
c1	0.008	0.015	0.20	0.38	3
D	-	1.490	-	37.85	5
E	0.500	0.610	12.70	15.49	5
е	0.100	BSC	2.54	-	
eA	0.600) BSC	15.24	-	
eA/2	0.300) BSC	7.62	-	
L	0.125	0.200	3.18	5.08	-
Q	0.015	0.060	0.38	1.52	6
S1	0.005	-	0.13	-	7
а	90°	105°	90°	105°	-
aaa	-	0.015	-	0.38	-
bbb	-	0.030	-	0.76	-
ссс	-	0.010	-	0.25	-
М	-	0.0015	- 0.038		2, 3
N	2	8	2	8	8

Rev. 0 4/94

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